

# PTMA / PTMB DTMA / DTMB

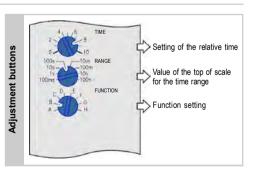




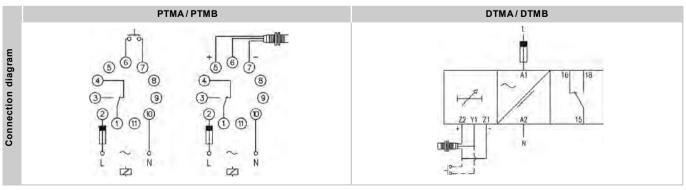
# **MULTI TIMER**

Difference	Multifunction - Multirange - Monovoltage				
Operating principie	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	- Without using the external input:				
	A - Delay on operate				
	B - Interval on operate				
	- <u>Using the external input:</u>				
	A - Delay on operate, with time storage, without memory				
	B - Interval on operate, with time storage, without memory				
	C - Delay on operate, when the input is activated				
	D - Interval on operate, while the input is activated				
	E - Delay on operate, when the input is deactivated				
	F - Interval on operate, when the input is deactivated				
	G - Delay on operate, when the input is activated and when it is deactivated				
	H - Interval on operate, when the input is activated and when it is deactivated				
Time range	From 10 ms to 100 h, divided in 8 ranges (see table Reference).				
Leds indications	ns Power on: Green				
	Relay on: Red				
Repeating precision	± 0,02%				
Precision	$\pm$ 0,6%. With supply voltages 901 or 902, $\pm$ 1,2%.				
Power on					
Reset	By disconnecting the supply for longer than 20 ms				
External input	- Free potential contact (terminals 6-7 [PTMx]; Y1-Z1 [DTMx]).				
	- Sensor NPN or PNP, 10 mA / 24 VDC (terminals 5-6-7 [PTMx]; Y1-Z1-Z2 [DTMx]).				
	Minimum pulses frequency: 6 ms				
Adjustment mode					
	2 <sup>nd</sup> - Select the range. The maximum value (top of scale) must be the nearest possible to the				
	time you are going to set.				
	3 <sup>rd</sup> - Set the time according to the 0-10 relative scale.				
	Example: If you want to set 45 seconds, select the range "10100 s". In this case each division				
	corresponds to 9 seconds, so you must place the "TIME" button in the "5". It is recommended				
	to check the time and refine the adjustment if required.				

	Н	OUSING		FUNCTION		OUTPUT		SUPPLY		RANGE
Reference	P D	Plug-in DIN rail	тм	Multitimer	A B	SPDT DPDT	U24 724 024 110 230 400 901 902	24 VAC/DC 24 VDC 24 VAC 110125 VAC 220240 VAC 380415 VAC 1570 VAC/DC 60240 VAC/DC	100	10100 ms 0,11 s 110 s 10100 s 110 min 10100 min 110 h 10100 h



To compose the reference, select one option of each column. Example: PTMA U40 100



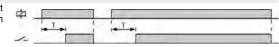
### **FUNCTIONS AND DIAGRAMS**

#### WITHOUT USING THE EXTERNAL INPUT



#### Delay on operate

When the supply voltage is connected the relay remains released and the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay operates and remain so for an undefined time





### Interval on operate

When the supply voltage is connected the relay operates immediately and the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay releases and remain so for an undefined time.



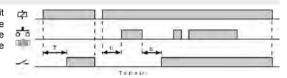
### DELAY ON OPERATE, USING THE EXTERNAL INPUT



#### With time storage, without memory

When the supply voltage is connected the relay remains released and the time circuit starts up. If the external input is activated before the preset time is elapsed, the time circuit stops. When the input is released, the time circuit follows from the point where it stopped previously. When the time accumulated is greater than the preset time, the relay operates and remains so for an undefined time.

The absence of power supply causes the time and relay reset.

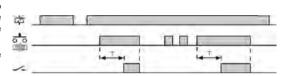




#### While the input is activated

When the supply voltage is connected, if the external input is not activated there is no effect on the system. When the input is activated the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay operates and remains so until the external input or the supply voltage are deactivated.

The succession of input pulses with a cadence less than the preset time brings about the reset of the time.

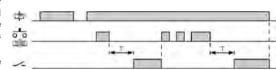




### When the input is deactivated

When the supply voltage is connected there is no effect on the system regardless of the state of the external input. When the input is activated, the relay remains released and when it is deactivated the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay operates and remains so until the input is again activated or the supply voltage is disconnected.

The succession of input pulses with a cadence less than the preset time brings about the reset of the time.

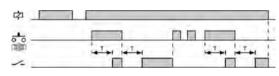




## When the input is activated and when it is deactivated

When the supply voltage is connected there is no effect on the system regardless of the state of the external input. When the input is activated, the relay remains released and the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay operates. When the input is deactivated, the relay releases and the time circuit starts up again. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay operates.

The succession of input pulses with a cadence less than the preset time brings about the reset of the time.



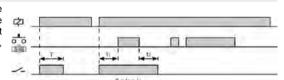
## INTERVAL ON OPERATE, USING THE EXTERNAL INPUT



## With time storage, without memory

When the supply voltage is connected the relay operates immediately and the time circuit starts up. If the external input is activated before the preset time is elapsed, the time circuit stops. When the input is released, the time circuit follows from the point where it stopped previously. When the time accumulated is greater than the preset time, the relay releases and remains so for an undefined time.

The absence of power supply causes the time and relay reset.

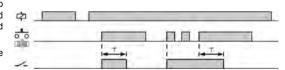




### While the input is activated

When the supply voltage is connected, if the external input is not activated there is no effect on the system. When the input is activated the relay operates immediately and the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay releases and remains so until the external input is again activated.

The succession of input pulses with a cadence less than the preset time brings about the reset of the time.

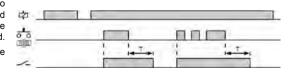




### When the input is deactivated

When the supply voltage is connected, if the external input is not activated there is no effect on the system. When the input is activated the relay operates immediately and when it is deactivated the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay releases and remains so until the external input or the supply voltage are deactivated.

The succession of input pulses with a cadence less than the preset time brings about the reset of the time.

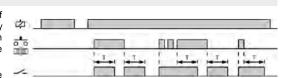




## When the input is activated and when it is deactivated

When the supply voltage is connected there is no effect on the system regardless of the state of the external input. When the input is activated, the relay operates immediately and the time circuit starts up. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay releases. When the input is deactivated, the relay operates and the time circuit starts up again. Once the preset time is elapsed, the relay releases.

The succession of input pulses with a cadence less than the preset time brings about the reset of the time.



			PTMA	PTMB	DTMA	DTMB	
			3 <sup>9</sup> <sub>0</sub> 3	\$ <sup>©</sup> 7 <del>0</del> <del>0</del> <del>0</del> <del>0</del> <del>0</del> <del>0</del>	16 18	15 25	
		AC	10 A / 250 V	8 A / 250 V	10 A / 250 V	8 A / 250 V	
	Resistive load	DC	0,4 A / 200 V	0,25 A / 200 V	0,4 A / 200 V	0,25 A / 200 V	
ý			10 A / 24 V	8 A / 24 V	10 A / 24 V	8 A / 24 V	
<b>Dutput relays</b>		AC	5 A / 250 V	2,5 A / 250 V	5 A / 250 V	2,5 A / 250 V	
tre	Inductive load	DC	5 A / 24 V	4 A / 24 V	5 A / 24 V	4 A / 24 V	
tþu	Mechanical life		> 30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> operations		> 30 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	operations	
O	Max. switching	rate, mech.	72.000 operations / hour		72.000 operations / hour		
	Electrical life at full load		360 operations / hour		360 operations / hour		
	Contact material		AgNi 90/10		AgNi 90/10		
	Maximum voltage		440 VAC		440 VAC		
	Operating voltage		250 VAC		250 VAC		
	Volt. between changeovers		2500 VAC		2500 VAC		
	Voltage between contacts		1000 VAC		1000 VAC		
	Voltage coil/contact		5000 VAC		5000 VAC		
		coil/contact	10 mm		10 mm		
	Isolatio	n resistance	> 10	04 ΜΩ	> 10 <sup>4</sup> MΩ		

		A	С	D	С	AC	DC
		PTMA / PTMB	DTMA / DTMB	PTMA / PTMB	DTMA / DTMB	PTMA / PTMB	DTMA / DTMB
Supply		9 9 9 9 9 9 0 9 0	~ / /	6 6 9 6 6 7 0 6 		6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	= 1
Ñ	Galvanic isolation	4000 v		N	lo	9XX: 2500 v	~ UXX: No
	Consumption	1,6	VA	1,2	2 W	9XX: 1,6 W	~ UXX: 1,7 W
	Frequency	50/60	) Hz		-		-
	Operating margins	± 15	5%	± 1	0%		-
	Positive	-		Terminal 2	Terminal A1	Terminal 2	Terminal A1
	Protected polarity	-		Y	es	Y	es

		PTMA/PTMB	DTMA/DTMB
	Voltage phase-neutral	300 V	300 V
	Overvoltage category	III	III
	Rated impulse voltage	4 kV	4 kV
5	Pollution degree	2	2
	Protection	IP 20 B	IP 20
	Approximate weight	250 g	280 g
anviromental	Storage temperature	-50°C+85°C	-50°C+85°C
	Operating temperature	-20°C+50°C	-20°C+50°C
	Humidity	3085% HR	3085% HR
	Housing	Cycoloy - Light grey	Cycoloy - Light grey
	Socket	Lexan - Light grey	-
	Leds cover	Lexan - Transparent	Lexan - Transparent
Constructive	Button, terminal block, clip	Technyl - Dark blue	Technyl - Dark blue
	Pins of the socket	Nickel brass	-
	Pins of the terminal block	-	Brass
		D : 1 1 6 1 1 550	

Approvals
Designed and manufactured under EEC standards.Electromagnetic compatibility, directive EMC 2004/108/CEE (UNE-EN 61000 6-4/2007/A1:2011, UNE-EN 61000 6-2/2006). Electric safety, directive LVD 2006/95/CEE (UNE-EN-60204-1/2007/A1:2009; UNE-EN 61010-1/2011). Directive about certain hazardous sustances 2011/65/CEE de 8/06/2011 Pb, Hg, Cd, Cr+6, PBB, PBDE. Plastics: UL 91 V0.

	PTMA/PTMB	DTMA/DTMB
Dimensions	35 77 21 91.5 SE	91.5

